

Autodesk[®] Inventor[®] 2022 Advanced Part Modeling

Learning Guide Mixed Units - 1st Edition

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ASCENT - Center for Technical Knowledge[®] Autodesk[®] Inventor[®] 2022 Advanced Part Modeling

Mixed Units - 1st Edition

Prepared and produced by:

ASCENT Center for Technical Knowledge 630 Peter Jefferson Parkway, Suite 175 Charlottesville, VA 22911

866-527-2368 www.ASCENTed.com

Lead Contributor: Jennifer MacMillan



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Autodesk[®] Inventor[®] 2022: Advanced Part Modeling is the second in a series of guides on the Autodesk[®] Inventor[®] software that is published by ASCENT. The goal of this guide is to build on the skills acquired in the *Autodesk Inventor: Introduction to Solid Modeling* learning guide by taking users to a higher level of productivity when designing part models using the Autodesk Inventor software.

In this guide, the user considers various approaches to part design. Specific advanced part modeling techniques covered include bending and unwrapping model geometry, multi-body design, advanced lofts, advanced sweeps, coils, generative shape design, surface modeling, and freeform modeling. Material aimed at increasing efficiency includes iFeatures for frequently used design elements, model states and iParts for similar designs, and how to work with imported data. The guide also covers some miscellaneous drawing tools, such as custom sketched symbols, working with title blocks and borders, and documenting iParts.

Topics Covered

- Advanced model appearance options
- 2D and 3D sketching techniques
- Multi-body part modeling
- Advanced geometry creation tools (bend part, unwrap, work features, area lofts, sweeps, and coils)
- Generative shape design using Shape Generator
- Creating and editing basic surfaces
- Model states
- iFeatures and iParts
- Freeform modeling
- · Importing data from other CAD systems and making edits
- Working with AutoCAD DWG files
- Analysis tools
- Emboss and Decal features
- Advanced Drawing tools (iPart tables, surfaces in drawing views, and custom sketched symbols)
- Surface Repair Environment

Prerequisites

- Access to the 2022.0 version of the software, to ensure compatibility with this guide. Future software updates that are released by Autodesk may include changes that are not reflected in this guide. The practices and files included with this guide are not compatible with prior versions (e.g., 2021).
- The material assumes a mastery of Autodesk Inventor basics, as taught in *Autodesk Inventor: Introduction to Solid Modeling*. Users should know how to create and edit parts, use work features, create and annotate drawing views, etc. The use of Microsoft Excel is required for this guide.

Note on Software Setup

This guide assumes a standard installation of the software using the default preferences during installation. Lectures and practices use the standard software templates and default options for the Content Libraries.

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Lead Contributor: Jennifer MacMillan

With a dedication for engineering and education, Jennifer has spent over 25 years at ASCENT managing courseware development for various CAD products. Trained in Instructional Design, Jennifer uses her skills to develop instructor-led and web-based training products as well as knowledge profiling tools.

Jennifer has achieved the Autodesk Certified Professional certification for Inventor and is also recognized as an Autodesk Certified Instructor (ACI). She enjoys teaching the training courses that she authors and is also very skilled in providing technical support to end-users.

Jennifer holds a Bachelor of Engineering Degree as well as a Bachelor of Science in Mathematics from Dalhousie University, Nova Scotia, Canada.

Jennifer MacMillan has been the Lead Contributor for Autodesk Inventor: Annole copying and reuse Advanced Part Modeling since its initial release in 2007.



The following highlights the key features of this guide.

Feature	Description
Practice Files	The Practice Files page includes a link to the practice files and instructions on how to download and install them. The practice files are required to complete the practices in this guide.
Chapters	A chapter consists of the following - Learning Objectives, Instructional Content, Practices, Chapter Review Questions, and Command Summary.
	• Learning Objectives define the skills you can acquire by learning the content provided in the chapter.
	• Instructional Content , which begins right after Learning Objectives, refers to the descriptive and procedural information related to various topics. Each main topic introduces a product feature, discusses various aspects of that feature, and provides step-by-step procedures on how to use that feature. Where relevant, examples, figures, helpful hints, and notes are provided.
oroino	• Practice for a topic follows the instructional content. Practices enable you to use the software to perform a hands-on review of a topic. It is required that you download the practice files (using the link found on the Practice Files page) prior to starting the first practice.
	• Chapter Review Questions , located close to the end of a chapter, enable you to test your knowledge of the key concepts discussed in the chapter.
Sauthor	• Command Summary concludes a chapter. It contains a list of the software commands that are used throughout the chapter and provides information on where the command can be found in the software.
Appendices	Appendices provide additional information to the main course content. It could be in the form of instructional content, practices, tables, projects, or skills assessment.



Model Appearance

Modifying the display options or assigning visual appearances can help enhance the model's display for editing or presenting.

Learning Objectives in This Chapter

- Enhance the appearance of the surfaces and edges of a model by assigning visual styles, ray tracing, reflections, shadows, and a ground plane to the model.
- Customize and assign lighting styles to control the number, color, and intensity of light sources in a model.
- Manipulate the visual appearance of a material using the in-canvas appearance and texture tools.
- Create, assign, and edit existing appearances in the model using the Appearance Browser.

1.1 Model Appearance: Visual Display Options

There are a number of options that can be used to improve a model's visual display. These options are included on the *View* tab>Appearance panel, as shown in Figure 1-1.



The Visual Style drop-down list contains options that can be assigned to provide model surfaces and edges with an enhanced appearance. The available visual styles are shown in Figure 1–2.



Figure 1–2

Visual Style

The choice of visual style can be dependent on whether you are working on the model's design or presenting the design once it is completed.

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- Hover the cursor over the title bar of the window to expand it to set the quality (Low, Draft, or High) of the image generation.
- Click **Save**, **Pause**, or **Disable** at the bottom of the window, as required. You can also disable the render by selecting **Ray Tracing** on the ribbon.
- While **Ray Tracing** is enabled, the Ray Tracing Quality window remains open. To optimize visual space in the graphics window, it might fade from the display. Hover the cursor over the lower right-hand corner of the graphics window to display it again.

In the examples shown in Figure 1–5, a model has been assigned the **Metal-AL-6061 (Polished)** color, and the visual styles settings have been manipulated to vary the displayed image.

Realistic visual style with Ray Tracing disabled

Realistic visual style with Ray Tracing enabled

Figure 1–5

Ground Plane	In the Appearance panel, the \bigcirc (Ground Plane) option enables you to toggle the display of a plane that represents the ground. The ground plane can be included to help represent the up direction of the model. It is also used in conjunction with shadows and reflection to set realistic visual display settings. Consider the following about the ground plane:
	• The ground plane is parallel with the Origin's XZ plane.
	 The ground plane is tied to the model. If you rotate the model, the ground plane rotates with it.
	• When viewing the ground plane from the top, a plane with a grid is displayed. When viewing the model from beneath the plane, only the exterior outline of the plane is displayed.
	• To customize the ground plane, in the <i>View</i> tab>Appearance panel, in the Ground Plane drop-down list, select Settings . This option enables you to relocate the X, Y, and Z locations, its appearance, grid display, and reflection settings.
	 All settings for the ground plane are stored with the document only, and do not affect other models in the current session.
	An example of a model with its ground plane displayed is shown in Figure 1–6.
The ground plane does not need to be displayed in order for ground shadows and reflections to be used.	Figure 1–6



To customize shadow settings, in the Shadows (\rightarrow) drop-down list, select **Settings** to access the active Lighting Style. Customize the shadow values in the *Shadows* tab for the active Lighting Style.

Reflections can be cast on the ground plane by enabling

(Reflections) in the Appearance panel on the *View* tab. Shadows reflect the visual style that is set in the model. By changing the Z location of the ground plane, the resulting reflection is varied. The **Settings** option in the Reflection drop-down list enables you to customize the Ground Plane which affects reflections.

Note that the ground plane does not need to be displayed in order for ground reflections to be assigned in the model.

Reflections

Perspective and Orthographic Views

While in a perspective view, you can zoom, pan, and rotate, but the results may differ slightly than that in an Orthographic view. Refer to the "About Perspective Views" Help topic for more information on view manipulation for Perspective views.

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Traditional mechanical drawings show parts in orthographic (parallel) views, where parallel edges on the part display parallel in the drawing. Perspective views display the way that the eye sees, where parallel edges seem to converge at a vanishing point, as shown in Figure 1–8. To change to a perspective view, select the *View* tab. In the Appearance panel, expand





The \Box (Perspective with Ortho Faces) option enables you to view the model in perspective view while the model is in a 3D orientation and in orthographic view when in a 2D view.

Lighting styles can be set in a part, assembly, or presentation.

1.2 Model Appearance: Lighting

The appearance of parts can be changed by adjusting the lighting style. In a lighting style, you can control the number, color, and intensity of light sources for a file, as well as assign image-based lighting and shadows. Use the Lighting Style drop-down list (shown in Figure 1–9) to quickly assign a lighting style as an alternative to the Style and Standard Editor.



For image-based lighting styles, use the Perspective orientation to improve realism.

Figure 1–9

Many styles assign an image, as shown in the **Old Warehouse** and **Empty Lab** styles shown in Figure 1–10. Models can be positioned relative to the image to enhance model realism.





Figure 1–10

If a new lighting style is required, you can use either of the following techniques to access the Style and Standard Editor:

- In the View tab>Appearance panel, in the Lighting drop-down list, select Settings.
- In the *Manage* tab>Styles and Standards panel, click



The Style and Standard Editor opens as shown in Figure 1–11.



	The table below describes the lighting style settings.		
	Tabs		Description
	Envi	ronment tab	
		Image Based Lighting	Set the image-based lighting effects for the active light style. This tab is only available if an image has been assigned to the lighting style. To display the image in the actual scene, select Display Scene Image . Without this option enabled, the image is not displayed; however, by toggling this option on and off, you can control the image-based lighting effect without losing all of the specified settings. You can also adjust its exposure, rotation, and scale.
	Light	<i>ting</i> tab	
		Light# tabs	Select a light number tab to activate it for editing. Click on each tab to toggle the specific light source on or off.
		Standard Light Settings	Control the horizontal/vertical position of the active light source using the sliders that surround the image of the light. You can also select the color and control the brightness of the light source. Using the two Relative movement options, you can specify
	0	d revis	that the light is fixed to the view's camera () or that the light maintains a fixed direction relative to the Viewcube ().
orovilo.	3	All Lights	Control the brightness and ambience of the light sources for all standard lights. Use the <i>Brightness</i> slider to control the light intensity and use the <i>Ambience</i> slider to set the contrast between lit and unlit areas in the scene.
	Shac	lows tab	
CSIUN, COL		Shadow Settings	Set the lighting style's shadow setting by selecting from a predefined list of shadow directions. You can also specify the shadow's density, softness, and ambient shadow intensity.
	Edits the pa saveo	you make in tł art. You must s d to the active	ne dialog box are dynamically displayed on save the edits to preserve them. Edits are lighting style in the file.

1.3 Model Appearance: Color and Texture

Colors and textures can be added to a model to further enhance its visualization. Color and texture are combined within the appearance definition of a material. When a material is assigned, the visual appearance specified for that material is assigned to the model. The Materials and Appearance Override drop-down lists in the Quick Access Toolbar display the current material and its appearance, as shown in Figure 1–12.



The default library can be set in the Project File. The predefined list of appearances provided in the Appearance Override drop-down list are pulled from provided libraries. By default, the Inventor Material Library is set as the active library. To switch between libraries in the drop-down list, select an alternate library name, as shown in Figure 1–14.



To quickly manipulate the assigned appearance, you can use the in-canvas tools.

In-Canvas Appearance and Texture Tools

The in-canvas appearance and texture tools provide you with a convenient way to change the color of an appearance or the texture mapping on the model. The tools are provided in a mini-toolbar and the icons can be used directly on the model.

How To: Edit the Existing Appearance Using the In-Canvas Tools

1. In the Tools tab>Material and Appearance panel, click

(Adjust). The Appearance mini-toolbar opens as shown in Figure 1–15.





2. Using the model, select the appearance that is to be edited. You can select directly on the model when the cursor

displays as the eyedropper (\checkmark), or you can select the appearance from the Appearances drop-down list in the mini-toolbar.

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	 When using the cursor, if you want to edit the color of the entire model, ensure that you select the entire model.
	 To change only selected faces, surfaces, bodies, or features, select them individually. Use the Select Other drop-down list to select the required option.
	 Selecting the appearance in the Appearances drop-down list enables you to first edit the Appearance and then apply it to the model.
	3. Select the method for defining the color.
	 Defining the color as a red, green, and blue value (RGB Values) is the default option.
	 Select the RGB Values drop-down list and select HSL Values to define the color with a hue, saturation, and lightness value.
	 For either the RGB or HSL Values options, use the color wheel to define its values.
	 Drag the line around its perimeter to change the value.
	 To refine the color, activate and drag the square node on the internal diamond shape at the center of the color wheel.
	 If the appearance was selected directly from the model, it will update as you are changing the color.
	5. If you selected the appearance from the drop-down list, you are required to assign it to the model. Using the cursor, now
	displayed as a paint can (), select the model or individual faces, surfaces, bodies, or features, to assign the edited appearance.
	6. If the Appearance has a texture assigned to it, you can scale
	and rotate the texture using the \neg and \neg icons that display once the model or individual faces, surfaces, bodies, or features are selected.
The scale and rotate icons are displayed for non-textured	 Hover the cursor over the icons until they are active (yellow) and then press and hold the mouse button to scale and rotate.
appearances. Manipulating these	If the Appearance has a texture assigned to it, you can vary how it is mapped to the surface of the model. Expand the
overall appearance.	Interpolation of the select a mapping option.
	 By default, Automatic is used and generally provides a good representation of the texture on the model.
	 Hovering the cursor over the other mapping options displays them in the model.
	8. Click 🗹 to complete the edit and close the mini-toolbar.

Once an appearance is adjusted using the in-canvas tools, a new appearance is created that has (1) appended to the end of the name. For example, if you were adjusting the Red appearance, the adjusted appearance would be called Red(1). **Appearance Browser** The Appearance Browser (shown in Figure 1–16) is used as an alternative to the Appearance Override drop-down list to assign appearances. It can also be used to create new appearances. The = (Change Your View) drop-down list can be used to customize the display of the Appearance Browser areas. For example, it can show whether the appearances display as detailed lists or as thumbnail images. Appearance Browser \times Q Search Document ··**↓**··· Ξ Document Appearances Appearances area Name Type Category Aluminum - Flat Metal: Aluminum Generic Generic Generic Default Machined 02 Metal: Steel Generic MyColor Generic Default MyRed Wall Paint Wall Paint: Glossy Inventor Material Library ÷ Home -Library list 🚮 Home Name Type Category 1.5in Squ...dium Blue Ceramic Ceramic: Tile 🛨 Favorites 12in Run...Burgundy Masonry: Brick Autodesk Material Library A Masonry

Ceramic: Tile 4in Squar...aic Beige Ceramic area Ceramic/Tile Aluminum - Dark Metal: Aluminum Metal Concrete Aluminum - Flat Generic Metal: Aluminum Concrete/Cast-In-Place (da) Aluminum - Polished Metal Metal: Aluminum Default Aluminum Cast Metal Generic - Fabric DI-Martal AL . -Q -Figure 1–16 The Appearance Browser is divided into the following three areas:

Autodesk Appearance Library 👜

Inventor Material Library

Ceramic/Porcelain

1in Squar...saic Blue

4in Squar...ight Blue

4in Squar... Gray-Red Ceramic

Ceramic

Ceramic

Ceramic: Tile

Ceramic: Tile

Ceramic: Tile

Appearance

	Document Appearances area - This area includes all appearances that have been assigned to the model.							
	 Library list - The library list enables you to select the libraries where you want to look for different appearances. The Favorites node enables you to quickly access any of the appearances from the three libraries that you have marked as Favorites. 							
	• Appearance area - Once a library is expanded and a group type selected, its appearances are displayed in the <i>Appearance</i> area. Using this area, appearances can be added to the <i>Document Appearances</i> area for use.							
Create a New	How To: Use the Appearance Browser to Create a							
Appearance	New Appearance							
Appearance	1. In the <i>Tools</i> tab>Material and Appearance panel, click							
	(Appearance). The Appearance Browser opens as shown in Figure 1, 17. The current file only has one							
	snown in Figure 1–17. The current file only has one appearance that was assigned to it (Default), as shown in the							
	Document Appearances area, and the Inventor Material							
	Library is selected. If an appearance override was assigned,							
	Appearance Browser ×							
	Search							
0	Document Appearances 😥 🗄 🗧							
X	Name Type Category							
alle.	Derault Generic Miscellaneous							
	Home 🔹 Inventor Material Library 👻 📰 📰							
	→ Tay Favorites Name A type Category							
	+ Autodesk Material Lib 🕐 📗 12in RunBurgundy Masonry Masonry: Brick							
$\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{I}}$	+ 🖿 Autodesk Appearance 💮 📗 1in Squarsaic Blue Ceramic Ceramic: Tile							
	+ Inventor Material Library							
S P	4in Squar Gray-Neu Ceramic Ceramic Tile							
	Aluminum - Dark Metal Metal: Aluminu							
	Aluminum - Flat Generic Metal: Aluminu							

🛼 - 🗛 -

Metal: Alumini

Metal Alumin

Metal

Aluminum - Polished Metal

Generic

Metal

Aluminum Cast

Anodized - Rlack

Figure 1–17



Textures	 Change the settings of the <i>Image Fade</i>, <i>Glossiness</i>, and <i>Highlights</i> to customize the appearance of the texture. Use other options in the Appearance Editor to further customize the new appearance by adding reflectivity, transparency, bump maps, self illumination, etc. Click OK to complete the creation of the new appearance. The thumbnail image in the <i>Document Appearances</i> area updates to reflect the changes that were made in the Appearance Editor. To edit an existing appearance, right-click on the appearance Browser and select Edit. Edit the options, as required, to reflect the required change. Textures are files that can be added to any appearance. Bump maps enable you to further control the display of an image by assigning a bumpiness value. Texture images are assigned in the Bump node. Similarly, maps can be assigned to other nodes. To assign an image, select in the <i>Image</i> field for the node and use the Material Editor Open File to browse to and select an 				
100	image. To modify the placement of the image, right-click on the <i>Image</i> field and select Edit Image . The Texture Editor opens and you can refine the image's position, rotation, scale, and repeat and (in the case of a bump map) vary the amount of bumpiness.				
Assign an	How To: Use the Appearance Browser to Assign an Appearance to the Model				
Alternatively, you can assign the new appearance using the Material Override drop-down list in the Quick Access Toolbar. Once assigned, the appearance is automatically added to the Document Appearances area.	 In the <i>Tools</i> tab>Material and Appearance panel, click (Appearance). To assign a new appearance, select the entire model or individual surfaces on the model, right-click on the appearance thumbnail in the <i>Document Appearances</i> area and select Assign to Selection. To help identify what is being selected in the model, before selecting, hover the cursor over the model so that the preview displays the entire model (dashed lines) or individual surfaces (solid lines). Click [×] to close the Appearance Browser. 				

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Adding Appearances to the Document

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How To: Use the Appearance Browser to Add a Material from a Library to the Document Appearances Area

1. In the Tools tab>Material and Appearance panel, click



- 2. Expand the appropriate library in the Library list.
- 3. Select an appearance type. The list of appearances associated with the selected type display in the *Appearance* area on the right side of the Appearance Browser.
- 4. Right-click an appearance and select Add To>Document Materials to add it to the *Document Appearances* area for use in the model.

To display the model so that any of the image's texturing settings are consistently displayed, set the *Visual Style* to **Realistic**. If not, only the color of the appearance might display on the model.

Practice 1a

Create a Lighting Style

Practice Objectives

- Create a new lighting style based on an existing style.
- Edit a lighting style to change its ambiance setting and include multiple colored lights.
- Change the lighting style that is applied to the model using the Styles and Standards Editor and the options in the Appearance panel.

In this practice, you will create a new lighting style and assign it for use with a part file. The part is shown in Figure 1-19.



Task 1 - Open a part file and create a new lighting style.

- 1. In the *Get Started* tab>Launch panel, click ^(Projects) to open the Projects dialog box. Project files identify folders that contain the required models.
- 2. Click **Browse**. In the practice files folder, select **Advanced Part.ipj**. Click **Open**. The Projects dialog box updates and a checkmark displays next to the new project name, indicating that it is the active project. The project file tells Autodesk Inventor where your files are stored. Click **Done**.
- 3. Open handle.ipt.
- 4. In the Manage tab>Styles and Standards panel, click

(Styles Editor). The Style and Standard Editor dialog box opens.

5. Expand the **Lighting** branch and select **Two Lights**.

This project file is used for the entire learning guide.

	6. Click New . The New Local Style dialog box opens.
	 Enter handle in the Name field and click OK. The handle style is now listed in the Lighting branch.
	 Double-click on handle in the list to activate it. The active style is bold in the list and is applied to the model.
	9. Move the <i>Ambience</i> slider to increase the amount of ambient light on the screen for all lights. Note how the model updates as you move the slider.
	10. Return the <i>Ambience</i> slider to approximately the middle of the scale.
	11. In the Standard Lights area of the Lighting tab, ensure that
	the <i>Light 1</i> tab is selected and that the 🔒 (yellow light bulb) icon is active. This represents the first direct light.
	12. Move the vertical slider on the right side of the image to the top and the slider on the bottom to the left side to place the light.
	13. Click the Color icon located above the <i>Brightness</i> slider. Select one of the blue colors from the color palette. Click OK . Note the effect on the part.
	14. Select the <i>Light 2</i> tab to activate it. Ensure that the sicon is enabled (yellow). Select it, if not. The blue light you created in the last step will now have less influence on the part. Change the color of the second light to red, and move the sliders to the bottom and right positions to place this light.
	15. Click Save and Close. Note the effect on the part.
	16. Rotate the part. You will see different shades and colors on the part, depending on where you placed the lights.
N. Cox	Task 2 - Manipulate the appearance of the model.
21.11	1. Select the <i>View</i> tab.
5 7	 In the Appearance panel, note that the handle light style is currently active. In the Lighting Style drop-down list, select Two Lights. Note how the model updates to reflect the settings in this style.
	Select some of the various options in the Visual Style drop-down list to manipulate the model's appearance. Leave

the style set to Shaded with Edges.



Practice 1b

Working with Appearances

Practice Objectives

- Override the visual appearance of a material. •
- Create, edit, and assign appearances to a model using the Appearance Browser and the Appearance Override drop-down list.

In this practice, you will assign a material to a model and then override its visual appearance. You will apply appearances to the entire model as well as individual surfaces. The final model is shown in Figure 1-22.



Figure 1–22

Task 1 - Open a model and assign a material.

1. Open bearing_journal.ipt. The part is currently assigned the Generic material and visual appearance, as shown in the Material and Appearance Override drop-down lists in the Quick Access Toolbar in Figure 1–23.









changes to the icon indicating that you can now rotate the texture. Drag the cursor to rotate the texture. 13. Click 🖄 to cancel the edit and close the mini-toolbar. The original texture scale and rotation is maintained. Task 3 - Create a new appearance and assign it to the model. 1. In the Tools tab>Material and Appearance panel, click (Appearance) to open the Appearance Browser. Alternatively, you can also click 💙 in the Quick Access Toolbar. The Appearance Browser displays as shown in Figure 1-29. The = (Change Your Appearance Browser Х View) drop-down list can Q Search be used to customize **Document Appearances** -**-**-the display of the Name Type Category Appearance Browser. Default Generic Generic For example, it can Rust Metal show whether the Generic appearances display as Semi-Polished Metal Metal: Steel a detailed list or as Wall Paint: Glossy Yellow Wall Paint thumbnail images. Yellow(1) Wall Paint Wall Paint: Glossy ÷ := • Inventor Material Library sample copy Home 🔻 + ሰ Home Name Type Category 1.5in Squ...dium Blue Ceramic Ceramic: Tile 12in Run...Burgundy Masonry: Brick Masonry 1in Squar...saic Blue Ceramic: Tile Ceramic 4in Squar...ight Blue Ceramic Ceramic: Tile 4in Squar... Gray-Red Ceramic Ceramic: Tile 4in Squar...aic Beige Ceramic: Tile Ceramic Aluminum - Dark Metal Metal: Aluminum Aluminum - Flat Generic Metal: Aluminum Aluminum - Polished Metal Metal: Aluminum Aluminum Cast Generic Metal 📴 - 🤤 -Figure 1–29

12. Hover the cursor over the

icon until the cursor

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Note that there are currently five appearances listed in the *Document Appearances* area. These correspond to all of the appearances that you have assigned to the model. **Generic** was the appearance that was set when the file was opened, **Semi-Polished** was used when the material was set to Stainless Steel, **Yellow** was used to override the visual appearance of the Stainless Steel Material, and **Yellow(1)** represents the edits that were made using the mini-toolbar to create the red color. Finally, **Rust** was the final override material that was used. Only appearances that have been used in the model are shown here.

- 2. Right-click on **Yellow(1)** and select **Rename**. Enter **MyRed** as the new name.
- 3. Right-click on **Generic** and select **Duplicate**. This creates a copy of the Generic appearance that you can use it as the base for a new appearance.
- 4. Right-click on **Generic(1)** and select **Rename**. Enter **MyColor** as the new name for the duplicated appearance.
- 5. Double-click on **MyColor** to open the Appearance Editor.
- Select in the *Color* field and assign a new color to the appearance using the Color dialog box. Increase the *Glossiness* value and change the *Highlights* to **Metallic**. Additional settings can be made using other nodes in the Appearance Editor to further customize the appearance.
- 7. Click **OK** to complete the edit and close the Appearance Editor.
- 8. Hover the cursor over the model so that its entire boundary is highlighted in dashed lines and click to select the model.
- 9. In the Appearance Browser, right-click on **MyColor** and select **Assign to Selection** to assign the new appearance to the model. Note that the red surface overrides are still maintained.
- 10. Click \times to close the Appearance Browser.

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	Task 4 - Clear appearance overrides.						
	 In the <i>Tools</i> tab>Material and Appearance panel, click (Clear) to open the mini-toolbar. Press and hold <ctrl> and select the two surfaces that were assigned the MyRed appearance.</ctrl> Click to clear the appearance override on these surfaces. Note that the entire model now has the MyColor appearance assigned. In the <i>Tools</i> tab>Material and Appearance panel, click (Clear) to open the mini-toolbar again. Click Select All in mini-toolbar and click to clear all overrides in the model. This returns the visual appearance back to Semi-Polished, which was assigned with the Stainless Steel material. 						
Sample copying	 Task 5 - Add an appearance from the Inventor Material Library to the model. 1. In the Tools tab>Material and Appearance panel, click (Appearance) to open the Appearance Browser. 2. In the lower portion of the Appearance Browser, select the Home (Home) drop-down list and select Inventor Material Library to display a list of materials in this library. You can also expand the Home node and select Inventor Material Library. 3. Further expand the Inventor Material Library folder, as shown in Figure 1–30. 						

Model Appearance



The additional material libraries can also be expanded and used to access other appearances. By default, their appearances are not listed in the appearance override drop-down list so they must be added through the Appearance Browser.

NO KIN

The appearance could also have been assigned by selecting it and using the Appearance Override drop-down list to select the Machined 02 appearance. In this case, once selected it would have been assigned and added to the *Document Appearances* area. This is an alternative method to adding materials using the Appearance Browser. The benefit of the Appearance Browser is that you can review the thumbnail images and copy existing materials to use as a base for new appearances.

8. Save the part and close the window.

Chapter Review Questions Which of the following Appearance tools are available when the Visual Style for the model is set as **Shaded**? (Select all that apply.) a. Shadows 2-19 b. Reflections c. Lights d. Ground Plane e. Ray Tracing 2. The ground plane must be enabled (displayed) for the shadows and ground reflections to be visible in the model. a. True b. False 3. Which of the following statements are true regarding lighting styles. (Select all that apply.) a. An Image-based lighting style enables you to use a predefined background image in the style. b. Multiple standard lights can be combined in a single lighting style. c. Multiple lighting styles can be applied at one time. d. Shadow settings are controlled in a lighting style. The following icons display when working with the in-canvas ample provin appearance and texture tool. Which icon enables you to scale a texture in a material? a. C. d.

5. Which of the following statements are true regarding the Appearance Browser dialog box shown in Figure 1–32? (Select all that apply.)

	A	D					~ ~
	Арр	earance Browser					^
	Sear	ch					Q
	Document Appearances				0)		
		Name 🔺	Туре	Categ	ory		-
		Default	Generic	Misce	laneous		
	\sim	Galvanized	Metal	Metal	Steel		
		Steel - Cast	Generic	Metal	Steel		
	٥	Titanium - Polished	Generic	Metal			-
	Hon	ne 🔻 Inventor Mat	terial Library	- M	etal		€ := -
	- 6	Home		10	Name	Туре	Categon
		★ Favorites			Aluminum Cast	Generic	Metal
	-	Autodesk Mate	rial Library 🕒		Brass - Satin	Metal	Metal
	-	Autodesk Appe	arance Li 🖗		Bronze - Satin	Metal	Metal
	-	Inventor Materi	al Library		Chrome - Polished	Metal	Metal
		Ceramic/Po	orcelain		Chrome - Polished Black	Generic	Metal
		Ceramic/Til	e		Chrome - Polished Blue	Generic	Metal
					Copper - Polished	Metal	Metal
			ast-In-Place		Copper - Satin	Metal	Metal
		Default		1	Expanded Metal 01	Generic	Metal
		E Esbric		1	Expanded Metal 02	Generic	Metal
			urn et	6	Expanded Metal 03	Generic	Metal
			nper	6	Expanded Metal 04	Generic	Metal
X		Flooring/W	boo	1	Foil Gold	Generic	Metal
		Glass			Gold - Metal	Generic	Metal
	0	Glass/Glazin	ng	*	Gunmetal	Generic	Metal
		🗠 Liquid		*	Gunmetal - Antique Polished	Generic	Metal
3		 Masonry/Br 	ick	-	Gunmetal - Polished	Generic	Metal
		Masonry/Cl	MU		Iron - Cast	Generic	Metal
		🛛 🗖 Metal			Iron Grav	Generic	Metal 🚽
2	-	Q					
	-	ч т '			4.00		
				Fi	gure 1–32		
	а	. Four appe	earances	s hav	ve been applied to	the mode	el.
	۲ ۲		ritoo liet i		urrently being dient	oved in th	

- b. The Favorites list is currently being displayed in the *Appearance* area.
- c. The Metal category in the Inventor Material Library is currently active.
- d. The Copper Polished material is the currently assigned material to the model.

Command Summary

	Button	Command	Location
	Q .	Adjust (color)	Ribbon: Tools tab>Appearance panel
		Appearance (Browser)	Ribbon: Tools tab>Appearance panel
	N/A	Appearance Override	Quick Access Toolbar Appearance Browser
		Clear (color)	Ribbon: Tools tab>Appearance panel
	*⁄	Constraint Inference Scope	 Ribbon: Sketch tab>expanded Constrain panel
ide		Constraint Settings	Ribbon: Sketch tab>expanded Constrain panel
	<u> </u>	Construction	• Ribbon: Sketch tab>Format panel
	Q.	Ground Plane	• Ribbon: View tab>Appearance panel
	[∼]	Hide All Constraints	 Sketch Status Bar Keyboard: Toggle with <f8> and <f9></f9></f8>
	N/A	Lighting Styles	Ribbon: View tab>Appearance panel
		Orthographic	• Ribbon: View tab>Appearance panel
	1	Perspective	Ribbon: View tab>Appearance panel
	67	Perspective with Ortho Faces	Ribbon: View tab>Appearance panel
	B	Precise Input	• Ribbon : <i>Sketch</i> tab>expanded Create panel
Q' (1)	2	Ray Tracing	Ribbon: View tab>Appearance panel
16 07	<u>C</u>	Reflections	Ribbon: View tab>Appearance panel
	Q	Shadows	Ribbon: View tab>Appearance panel
CO. M	N/A	Share Sketch	Context Menu: in Model browser with sketch name selected
	- 1 -	Show All Degrees of Freedom	Sketch Status Bar
	[~]	Show Constraints	• Ribbon: Sketch tab>Constrain panel
	•\$\$	Styles Editor (lighting)	Ribbon: Manage tab>Styles and Standards panel
		Visual Style	Ribbon: View tab>Appearance panel